

IV CONGRESO IBEROAMERICANO DE INGENIERÍA DE LOS ALIMENTOS

USING HIGH-INTENSITY ULTRASOUND TO IMPROVE PHYTOSTEROLS OLEOGELS PHYSICAL PROPERTIES AND STABILITY

Thais Lomonaco Teodoro da Silva /ULiege and UFLA Sabine Danthine /Uliege

Organiza:













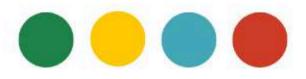
INTRODUCTION



OBJECTIVE



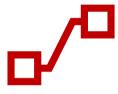
MATERIAL & METHODS





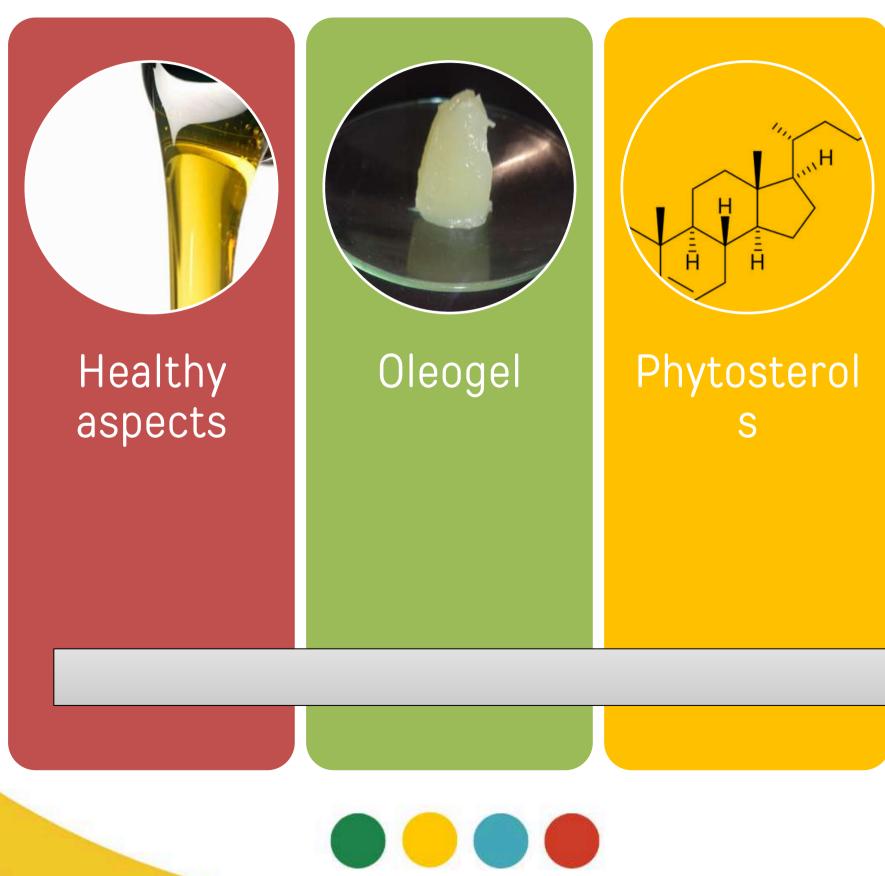


RESULTS & DISCUSSION



CONCLUSION

INTRODUCTION



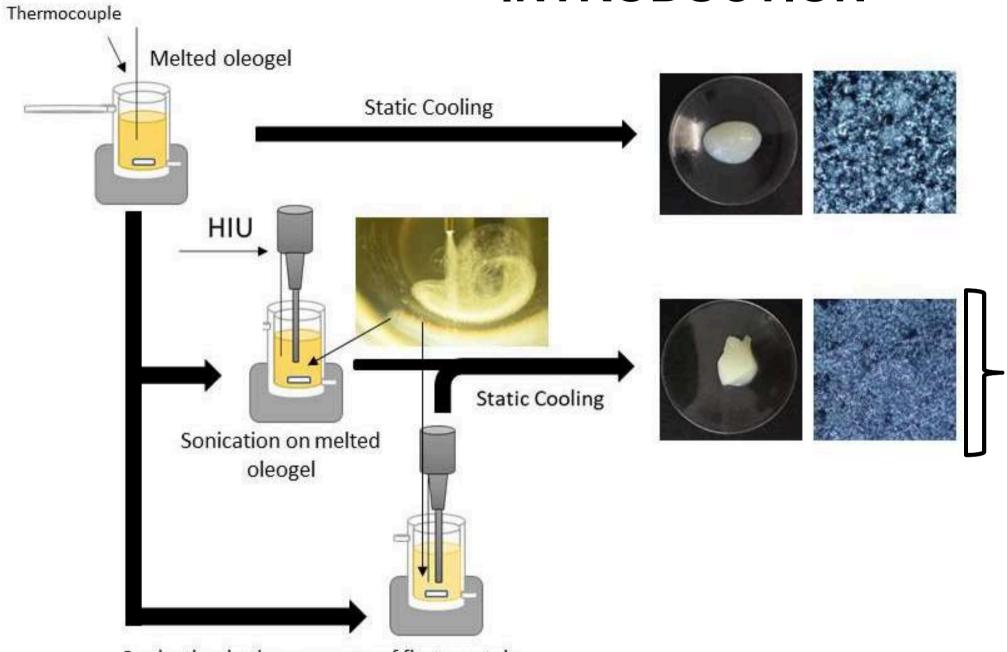


High– Intensity Ultrasound

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INTRODUCTION



Sonication in the presence of first crystals

JANA AND MARTINI (2014); DA SILVA AND DANTHINE (2020,2022); GIACOMOZZI ET AL. (2020)



↑ OIL BINDING CAPACITY

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- \downarrow PHASE SEPARATION
- ↑ HARDNESS
- ↑ VISCOELASTICITY
- \downarrow INCOMPATIBILITY
- \downarrow [OLEOGELATOR]

OBJECTIVE

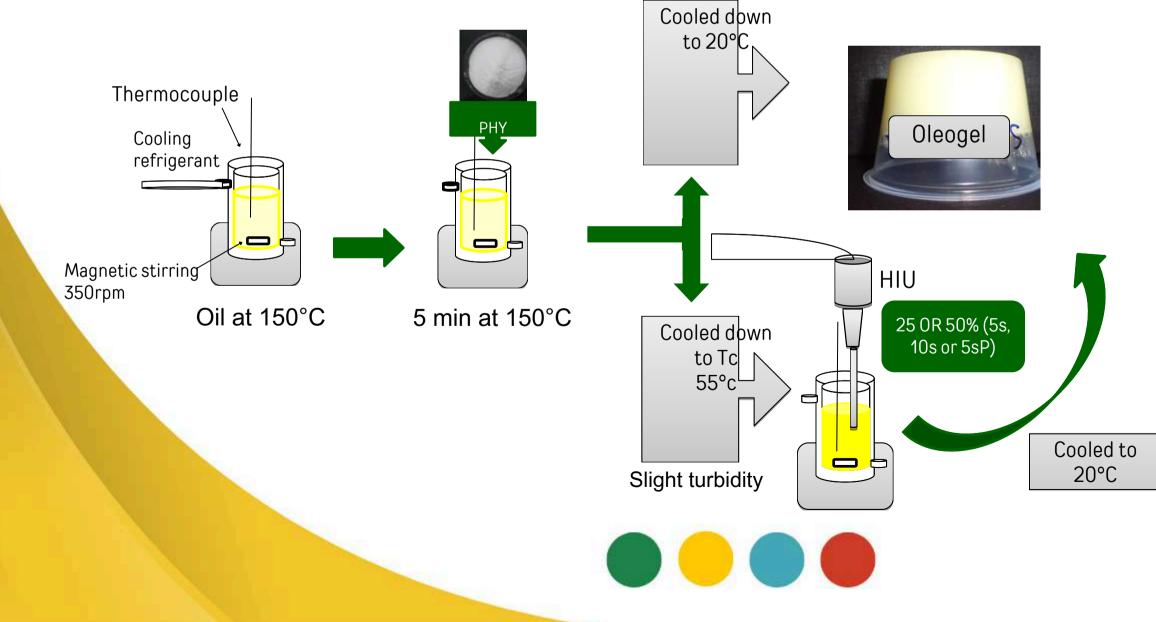
The objective of this study was to evaluate the effect of high-intensity ultrasound (HIU) in the phytosterols oleogels physical properties, in order to try to produce a stable, smooth and self-sustainable oleogels using only phytosterols as structuring agent.



MATERIAL AND METHODS

MATERIAL: **RAPESEED OIL** PHYTOSTEROIS CardioAid[™]

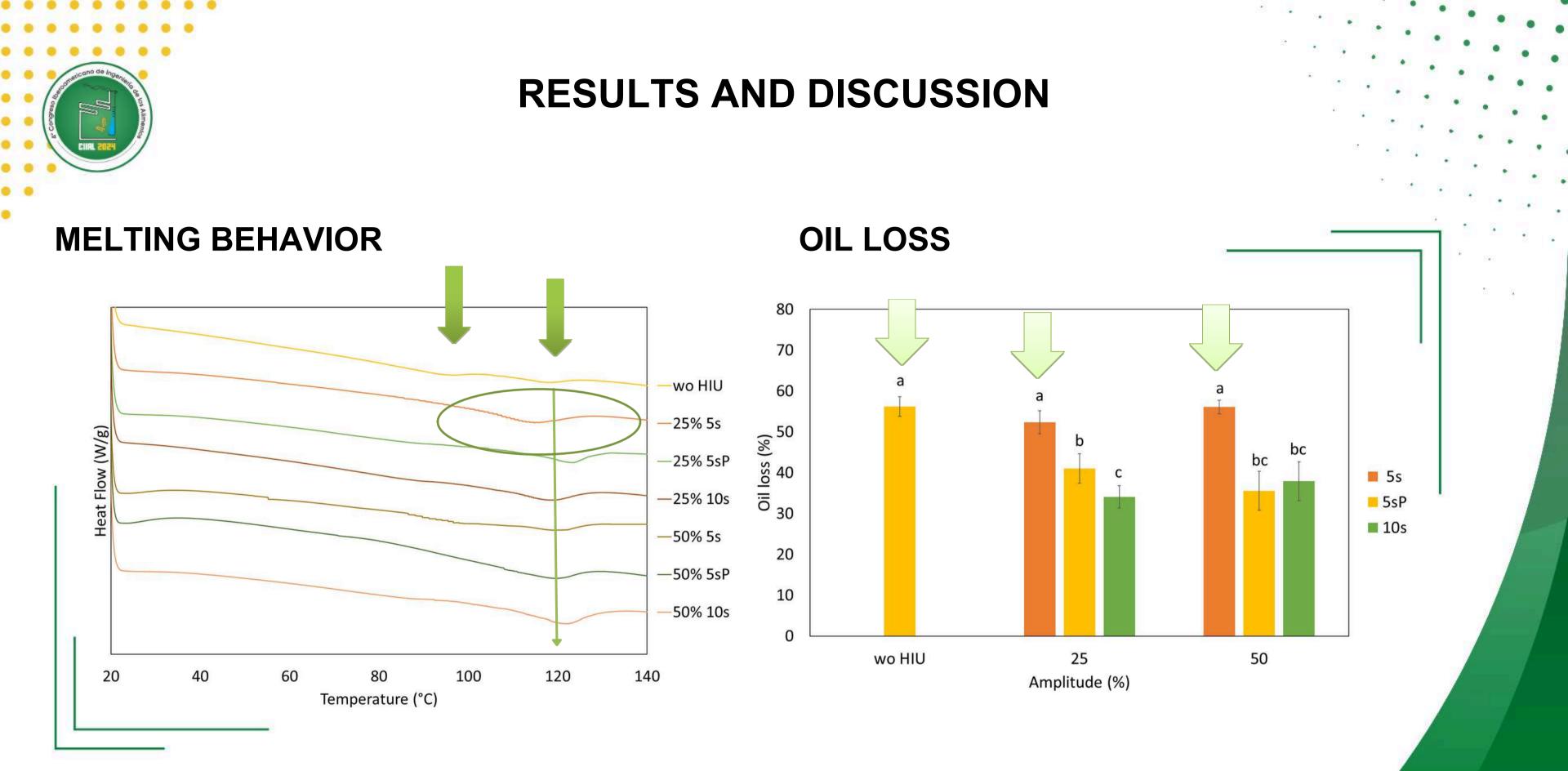
SAMPLE PREPARATION:

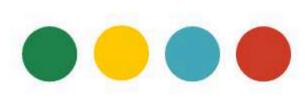


METHODS:

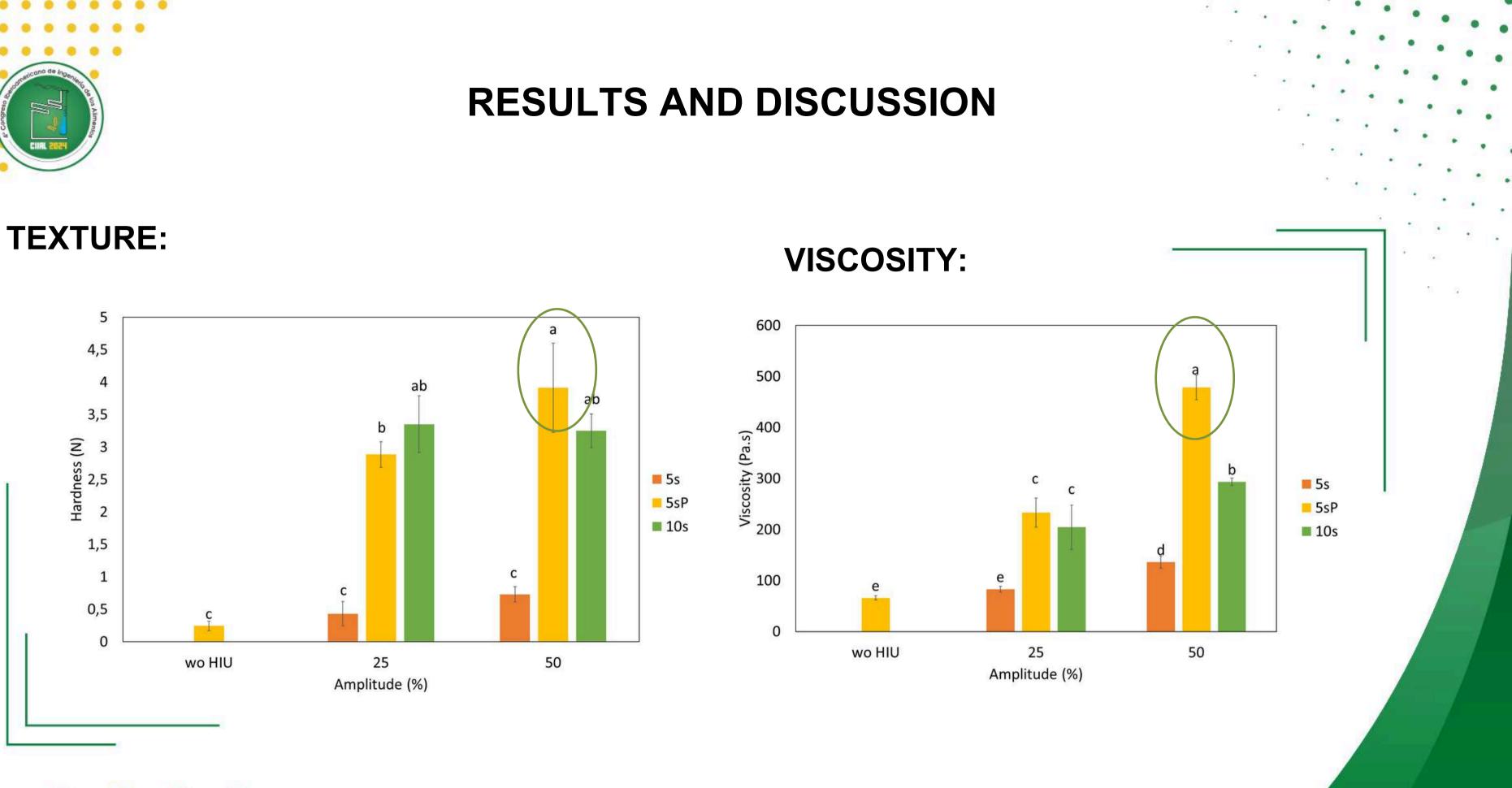
MICROSTRUCTURE OBC RHEOLOGY HARDNESS **MELTING BEHAVIOR** X-RAY



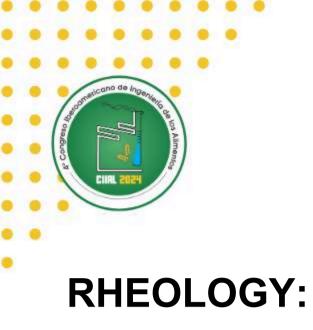




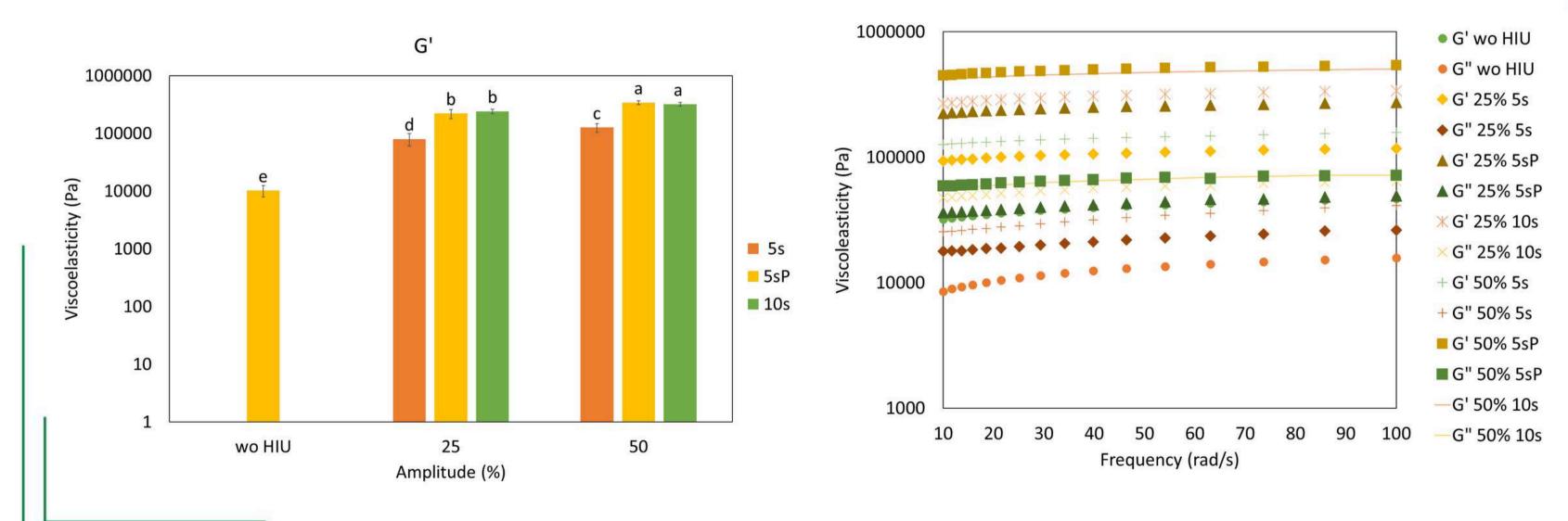








RESULTS AND DISCUSSION







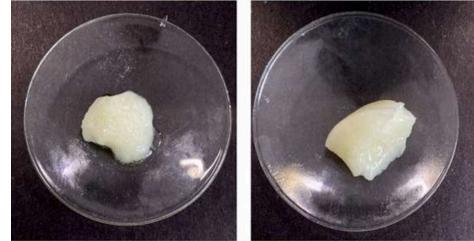
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

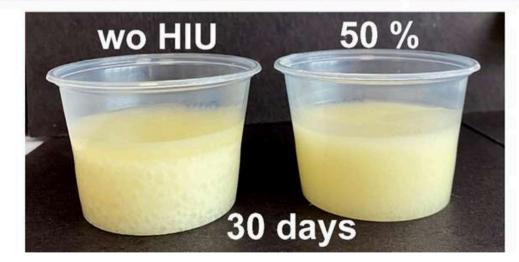
MICROSTRUCTURE

wo HIU 25 % 50 % **5s** 5sP 10s

APPERANCE

wo HIU









25 %



50 %

CONCLUSIONS

- We can conclude that HIU significantly improved phytosterols' oleogelations properties and consequently their physical properties by improving phytosterols' stability and solubility.
- To be able to cause some change cavitation HIU must be applied for at least 10s, continuous on a lower amplitude (25%) or in pulses in a higher amplitude (50%).
- 50% 5sP is the best condition found among all tested.
- Moreover, a further investigation regarding the stability of phytosterols on oils after sonication to prevent agglomeration and phase separation over time is a further result that is worth supplementary investigation.





REFERENCES

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Da Silva, T.L.T., Danthine, S., 2021. Effect of high-intensity ultrasound on the oleogelation and physical properties of high melting point monoglycerides and triglycerides oleogels. J. Food Sci. 86, 343–356. <u>https://doi.org/10.1111/1750-3841.15589</u>

Da Silva, T.L.t., Danthine, S., 2022. Influence of sonocrystallization on lipid crystals multicomponent oleogels structuration and physical properties. Food Res. Int. 154, 110997. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodres.2022.110997</u>

Giacomozzi, A., Palla, C., Carrin, M.E., Martini, S., 2020. Tailoring physical properties of monoglycerides oleogels using high- intensity ultrasound. Food Res. Int. 134, 109231. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodres.2020.109231</u>

Jana, S., Martini, S., 2014. Effect of high-intensity ultrasound and cooling rate on the crystallization behavior of beeswax in edible oils. J. Agric. Food Chem. 62, 10192–10202. <u>https://doi.org/10.1021/jf503393h</u>



THANK YOU

QUESTIONS?

thaissilva@ufla.br





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